CLAIMS

Tyre for vehicles, comprising:

- a carcass structure (2) including a central peripheral portion (3) and two side-walls (4, 5) terminating in a pair of beads (9, 10) for fixing a wheel to a rim (11);
- 10 a belt structure (12) coaxially associated with the carcass structure (2);
- a tread (14) with a predetermined thickness between its radially external surface and its radially internal surface in contact with said belt structure, said tread 15 extending coaxially around the belt structure (12) and comprising a row of central blocks (16) and a row of intermediate blocks (17), both the rows being arranged on each side of the equatorial plane (Y-Y) of the tyre 20 between a \central longitudinal groove (18) astride said equatorial plane (Y-Y) and a pair of longitudinal \lateral grooves (19, 20), said blocks of central intermediate rows and circumferentially spaced respectively by a plurality of first and second transverse grooves (27,28) extending 25 direction substantially perpendicular predetermined direction of forward travel of the tyre (D), each block being formed by a pair of transversal sides, respectively a front side and a rear side, 30 relative to said direction of forward travel D, and by a pair of longitudinal sides, the blocks of the central being separated from the blocks intermediate rows by a pair of circumferential sipes (25), characterized in that: 35
 - a) the blocks of the intermediate rows are circumferentially staggered by a first predetermined quantity Q relative to the blocks of the central rows;

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the blocks of the central rows arranged on either side of the equatorial plane are each other circumferentially staggered by a second predetermined quantity Q';

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- c) the first and the second transverse grooves have centre lines (m_1, m_2) converging in the direction of travel D on planes parallel to the equatorial plane;
- d) the first and the second transverse grooves have centre lines inclined at an angle α in opposite directions to one another with respect to said planes parallel to the equatorial plane;
- 15 e) the depth of the transverse grooves is equal to at least 95% of the thickness of said tread.
 - Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the width of the transverse grooves is comprised between 8 and 11 mm.
 - 3. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the width of the longitudinal grooves is comprised between 10 and 14 mm.

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- 4. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the depth of the longitudinal grooves is equal to at least 95% of the thickness of said tread.
- 30 5. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that it comprises, in a position axially outside the intermediate rows a row of shoulder blocks and elastic means for connecting together circumferentially adjacent blocks.

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6. Tyre according to Claim 5, characterized in that said elastic connection means consist in the presence of a relief in the transverse groove between successive shoulder blocks, said relief extending up to

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a predetermined height.

Tyre according to Claim 5, characterized in that the shoulder blocks are circumferentially staggered relative to the blocks of the intermediate rows.

- 8. Tyre according to Claim 5, characterized in that the longitudinal outermost sides of the shoulder blocks are provided with facets.
- 9. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the transverse grooves form, together with the longitudinal sipes, an angle α of between 10° and 15°.
- 10. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that said first quantity Q of circumferential staggering of the blocks is comprised between 48% and 58% of the length of a block.
- 11. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that said second quantity Q' of circumferential staggering of the blocks of the central rows is comprised between 47% and 57% of the length of a block.
 - 12. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that said second quantity Q' of circumferential staggering of the blocks of the central rows is substantially equal to the first quantity Q of staggering of the blocks of the intermediate and central rows.
 - 13. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the longitudinal sipes have a maximum width of 3 mm.
 - 14. Tyre according to Claim 12, characterized in that the depth of the longitudinal sipes is comprised between 19 and 22 mm.

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- Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the front and rear sides of the blocks of the central row are formed by two straight inclined at said angle α with respect longitudinal sipes and by a third intermediate spacing pottion connecting together said straight portions.
- Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that said third connecting portion forms an angle β with a plane perpendicular to the equatorial plane, said angle being comprised between 30° and 40°.
- 17. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that it comprises means for mutual engagement of the blocks of the intermediate and central rows.
- 18. Tyre according to Claim 16, characterized in that said mutual engagement means consist in the fact 20 that the longitudinal sipes separating said rows have a zigzag pattern.
- 19. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the central longitudinal groove has a width of 25 between 8 and 15 mm.
 - 20. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the depth of the central longitudinal groove is between 19 and 22 mm.

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- 21. Tyre according to Claim 1, characterized in that the central longitudinal groove is provided with a rib radially extending from the bottom thereof.
- 35 22. Tyre according to Claim 21, characterized in that said rib is formed by a plurality of reliefs alternating with recesses.